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# Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

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# Sulfur Induced Coordination at Phosphorus and Silicon

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# SULFUR INDUCED COORDINATION AT PHOSPHORUS AND SILICON

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<u>Abstract</u> Recent work has shown that a sulfur atom is capable of inducing higher coordination geometries for both phosphorus and silicon. These geometries serve as models for activated states in nucleophilic substitution reactions.

#### INTRODUCTION

With the use of cyclic components containing sulfur-bridged aryl groups, a series of pentaoxyphosphoranes has been formed that exhibits structures extending from square pyramidal to octahedral.<sup>1-4</sup> In the case of silicon, employment of the same type of ring system has resulted in the formation of the first cyclic disiloxane whose structure is between a tetrahedron and a trigonal bipyramid.<sup>5</sup> Recent work reported here reveals additional examples of higher coordinate geometries. Their role as models in nucleophilic substitution reactions are illustrated with phosphorus.

## Square Pyramidal to Octahedral Geometry

#### Tetrahedral to Trigonal Bipyramidal Geometry

$$S_1$$
 $O_{1.63}$ 
 $S_1$ 
 $O_{1.63}$ 
 $S_1$ 
 $O_{1.63}$ 
 $S_1$ 
 $O_{1.59}$ 
 $S_2$ 
 $O_{1.59}$ 
 $S_1$ 
 $O_{1.59}$ 
 $S_2$ 
 $O_{1.59}$ 
 $O_{1.59}$ 

#### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Reaction of Me<sub>2</sub>SiCl<sub>2</sub> with 2,2'-thiobis(4,6-di-t-butylphenol) in the presence of N-chlorodiisopropylamine yielded the cyclic silane 1 (eq 1) whose X-ray structure resulted in a Si-S distance of 3.1 Å. This value supports the angles at silicon giving a geometry about halfway between a tetrahedron and a trigonal bipyramid.

A similar reaction produced 2 having a methylene group in place of the ring sulfur atom. The sulfur-silicon coordination present in 1 compares with recent work of Edema et al.<sup>6</sup> on 3 showing nitrogen coordination to silicon.

## Model Intermediates

In the case of hydrolysis processes of pentaoxyphosphoranes, evidence  $^6$  suggests that sulfur induced coordination appears in an active state intermediate accompanying the hydrolysis process yielding cyclic or acyclic phosphates. This is illustrated in eq 2 leading to  $A.^7$ 

## Hydrolysis Leading to A (Cleavage of Two Acyclic Groups)

P(OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> + S OH + (
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
Pr)<sub>2</sub>NCI  $\frac{-70^{\circ}\text{C to RT}}{\text{CF}_{3}\text{CH}_{2}\text{O}} \frac{1}{\text{OCH}_{2}\text{CF}_{3}}$ 

OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>

A  $\delta$ P = -13.2 ppm

30% yield

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